its authority; and especially if it appeared that the husband had nothing to settle, and was a beggar, marrying her for the sake of her fortune, the court has been in the habit of not permitting him to touch that fortune, which was his sole object, and of having the whole settled upon the wife. (j)

In this instance the plaintiff Anna can, in no sense, be considered as a ward of this court, and, therefore, nothing of the nature of a contempt of the court can be imputed to her husband. Yet, those cases, in relation to wards of court, may be adduced to shew that the court, under some peculiar circumstances, allows itself to take into consideration the sinister views and objects of the husband in marrying his wife; and if the court can be satisfied that he was actuated chiefly or altogether by sordid motives; that he married the woman merely to come at her fortune, it will interpose to save the wife from such most grievous of all frauds, and have her whole fortune settled upon her exclusively. For, in those cases, there is nothing so very peculiar in being a ward of court; it is not so much upon the ground of any species of contempt or affront to the court itself; it is the corrupt motives of the husband; the fraud and delusion practised by him upon frankness and innocence, which affords the strong ground upon which the court plants its equity in directing the whole of the wife's fortune to be settled upon her exclusively.

Here there is no direct proof of a fraudulent and corrupt intention on the part of Lewis Helms to marry this plaintiff Anna merely as a means of getting her fortune into his hands; but there are circumstances in the case which go far to shew that his motives were, by no means, as correct as they ought to have been. Her age; the pecuniary situation of the parties; the plan he formed so soon after marriage, although an ignorantly contrived one, to have the legacy transferred to him by a power of attorney, and a will executed by his wife; her refusal; the open rupture that soon followed, and the disclosure, from his papers, of his bad character, are facts which, when taken together, it will be difficult to reconcile with any other than sordid motives on his part.

I have met with no instance where the wife was not a ward of the court, in which the whole of her fortune has been settled on her, merely on the ground of the fraudulent or base motives of the

<sup>(</sup>j) Butler v. Freemen, Amb. 302; Wells v. Price, 5 Ves. 398; Ball v. Coutts, 1Ves. & Bea. 303.